

UCDB

newspaper

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A FORÇA
CONTINUE
COM VOCÊ



Welcome to UCDB!

I am absolutely certain that all of our students, whether veteran or freshman, were very well received in our University. Since October last year, we were preparing, with great commitment and dedication, this warm welcome to the beginning of our school year. We want them in fact to feel very welcome among us, Salesian educators, and that you enjoy all the services of our University aiming at integral formation, which is, an ethical citizen and a competent professional.

It is very important at the beginning of each year, to set some goals to be pursued, monitored and met. Just like in our lives we go through several phases and steps, in academic life is no different. Only with a particular: the academic life, the growth and development are the result of established plans and

performed with effort, study and perseverance. The period of higher education is a vast field of many opportunities; and the academic youth, the phase to pick them up. Here is a perfect combination.

In our university, internationalization is an increasingly hard-hitting reality. The international relations sector, linked to the Dean of Research and Graduate Studies, is the department responsible to welcome and accompany the students and teachers from other universities visiting and studying in UCDB, and to promote and create opportunities so that our students know various exchange programs.

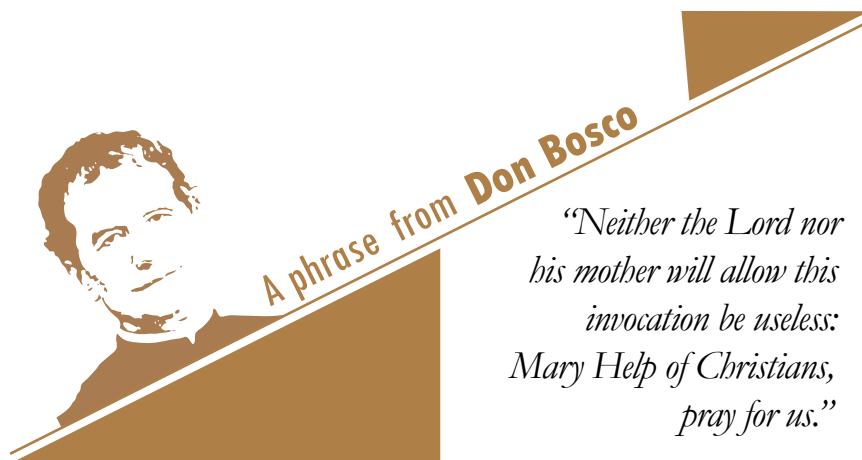
We know the importance of mastery and fluency of a second language. For this and in order to implement increasingly internationalization of our

university, UCDB languages remains open for entries offering several introductory courses and improvement of a new language.

One of the purposes of a university is to contribute to local and regional development in which it operates. Proof of this are the various researches in various fields of knowledge from the fauna and flora of our major biomes, Savanna forest, Pantanal and Atlantic Forest, which has been promoting UCDB.

We wish the most valuable fruit in this academic year that just started. We invoke divine protection asking health, wisdom and peace.

Fr. Ricardo Carlos
Dean of UCDB



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THE UCDB NEWSPAPER

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SALESIAN
PERSONALITY



UCDB Languages is receiving applications until March

Among the novelties of this year are Russian and preparatory classes for Toefl

MYLENA ENSINAS

Dom Bosco Catholic University (UCDB) seeks to provide its academic and to its community the new experiences that can add value not only to the curriculum, as well as knowledge of the world to learn new languages and cultures within the classroom. UCDB Extension Program Languages, linked to the Dean of Catholic Extension, makes this service possible.

In all, the UCDB Languages offers nine Language courses: Communicative German, Communicative Spanish, Communicative French, Communicative and Instrumental English, Communicative Italian, Communicative Russian, Portuguese Language: Language, Codes and their Technologies, Sign language Conversation and English-Prep for Test of English as a Foreign Language (Toefl).

"The foreign language prepares the

labor market for the student, who will have a differential before the others. The market demands and favors those who have ability in other languages", assessed by the educational coordinator of UCDB Languages, teacher Angela Cristina Catonio.

NEW COURSES

The academic year of 2016 UCDB Language begins with two novelties: English Preparation for Toefl and Russian Communicative. Registration for all languages will until March 5.

The course Preparation for the Toefl aims to enable participants to carry out the proficiency test in English language. The course offers grammar content, vocabulary, reading strategies, writing techniques, understanding and oral expression necessary for the completion of written and oral tests.

"The model we follow is in order to establish a teaching pattern. Everything in it is very well prepared and tied, so hard from beginning to end", said by Professor Antonio

Carlos Ramos, who teaches English language.

Emanoelle Einecke Cardoso, academic of Social Work is starting the 2nd English module this year in the Catholic. "The methodology used by teachers is easy to understand. This facilitates and keeps us interested in the class. It is a completely new method".

Besides innovating with new courses, classes that were taught only in the downtown campus will now also be held at the Catholic campus with classes starting at 17:15 until the early hours of undergraduate

classes at 19h.

UCDB languages offers to all four types of courses: Communicative, which seeks to develop the four language skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking; Conversation, which prioritizes the speaking and listening skills; Instrumental, which seeks to develop reading skills, translation and interpretation of texts aimed for selection and master's and doctoral contests; and preparatory course for Toefl.

More information can be obtained by telephone (67) 3312-3354.



Cultural activities motivate students to learn; the classes happen at UCDB Centro and also at UCDB campus Tamandaré Avenue

A brazilian sign language (Libras) is offered by UCDB as well



UCDB NEWSPAPER: UCDB's Graduation in Computer Engineering is focused on what professional skills?

ALEXSANDRO MONTEIRO

CARNEIRO: The course of Computer Engineering has Computing as a goal, ie, it has a comprehensive training and in depth in all areas of computing. It involves a piece of hardware (electronic, digital and analog, microcontroller systems, industrial automation) as well as electricity and engineering. And we have the part of computing, from the fundamentals to technological parts: theory, ordering programs, algorithms, technological tools such as database, computers, operating systems. It is a comprehensive course because it involves both software and hardware - students learn in depth about these issues, including also electronic engineering and software, computing theory part and the technology itself.

UCDB NEWSPAPER: What differentiates the UCDB course?

ALEXSANDRO: The course of Computer Engineering, historically, was the first of the state. It began in 1996 and has graduated more than 15 classes. The first class graduated in 2000. It is a course that has been updating under the laws, eyeing the local and national market. Therefore, it aims to serve the profile of the professional computer engineer well, that knows both project and execution. Engineering disciplines are in 2/3 in classroom and 1/3 in the laboratory weekly. All that the student learns, he practices the same week in the laboratory (part of electronic, industrial, building, automation). Our laboratories have a good infrastructure of sensors, actuators, computer networks, microcontroller hardware systems —It has a set of very large assets for development, and space devoted to it, with the trainees, employees. In addition, researchers we have research professors both in engineering as computing, with an average of four projects for teaching, then we have a nice group of students,

also work with postgraduate students. This partnership teaching, research and extension works very well.

UCDB NEWSPAPER: How is the course in UCDB?

ALEXSANDRO: The course shift is in the morning, you have classes Monday through Saturday from 7 am to 12.40 pm. It is a course of five years according to the law, or ten semesters. The workload, from 2016, 24 hours/week classes.

UCDB NEWSPAPER: How is the labor market for computer engineers?

ALEXSANDRO: The Mato Grosso do Sul market specifically is a strong market in software - we have many companies that develop systems to meet local and national market. We know this because every year, software engineering seminar focused on these companies is held, with the participation of 40 companies. They hire our students as interns, and a period of six months to a year, become systems analysts. The hardware market is more restricted. Alguns alunos que são bem empreendedores e fizeram projetos na área de hardware, de iniciação científica e outras atividades, acabam se motivando em abrir empresas e prestar serviço, mas é um mercado que oscila: uma época em Três Lagoas, agora mais Dourados. Aqueles alunos que preferem a parte industrial acabam migrando para regiões como o Sul, Sudeste e acabam tendo cargos interessantes. Em outros locais, acabam achando um espaço melhor de trabalho.

Alexsandro Monteiro Carneiro is master degree in Electrical Engineering (UFMS), specialist in computer networks (UCDB) and graduated in computer Engineering. He is the coordinator of Computer Engineering courses and he's also technician in Analysis and sistem Development



Alexsandro Monteiro Carneiro*

UCDB NEWSPAPER: To what professional skills is the UCDB's degree in Automation and Control Engineering specifically concerned in?

UENDER DA COSTA FARIA: The training received enables the control and automation engineer (mechatronics for freshmen until 2011) to design activities, implementation, operation and maintenance of automated production units or to be automated. The interested parties for this professional qualification are engineering companies, equipment manufacturing industries and programs for industrial automation and users of these technical industries as well as agribusiness companies involving maintenance techniques and automation. The course aims comprehensive training of a professional able to work in several areas, such as general automation, integration of control and automation systems, automation machinery and equipment (retro-fit); design and maintenance of microprocessor systems in general, network infrastructure (structured and electrical installations cabling), electrical, generation, transmission and distribution of electricity, management of computer networks and industrial networking, alarm systems, electric fences, power factor correction in industries, among other duties.

UCDB NEWSPAPER: What differentiates the UCDB course?

UENDER: This course of UCDB is comprehensive, covering Automatic Control subjects (using classical techniques and analog electronic components), Digital Control (using computers), Analog Electronics, Digital Electronics, Power Electronics, Electrical Machines, Instrumentation, Industrial Automation, Network industrial data and

Computer programming, Telecommunications, Generation, Transmission and power Distribution, Electrical installations, and the microprocessor system design and reconfigurable logic. The course has excellent structure laboratories for practical classes and the faculty is made up of teachers and doctors.

UCDB NEWSPAPER: How is the course in UCDB?

UENDER: The course of Automation and Control Engineering of Dom Bosco Catholic University includes in its curriculum subjects distributed over 10 semesters, consisting of 5120 hours/class, equivalent to 256 credits. The total workload is distributed in three groups: basic education, vocational training and specific training, contemplating, including internships and final year project completion. In total workload, included are 180 hours/class of complementary activities in accordance with regulations approved by the relevant bodies.

UCDB NEWSPAPER: How is the labor market for engineers control and automation?

UENDER: The labor market is promising, and the professional degree in Control and Automation operates in various segments of companies that develop projects and building automation systems, power utilities, in general industries, hydroelectric power and alcohol, in municipalities in the sector as well as consulting, technical training and development systems. Thus, professional trained for this course may exercise, among others, the following functions in the labor market: leading maintenance teams or projects; integrator designer of automation and control systems for industrial, commercial or agricultural purposes; electronic or mechanical designer; mechanical and electronic technical documentation; programmer; responsible for industrial maintenance; technical advisor; microcontroller hardware designer or based on reconfigurable logic (FPGA and others); manager of a technical area (networks, software projects, etc.); researcher with the ability to monitor the evolution of technology.

Uender da Costa Faria is the coordinator of Automation and Control engineering of UCDB. He is graduated in Electrical Engineering by Universidade do Estado de Minas Gerais and master degree and PhD in Electrical Engineering by Unesp.

Uender da Costa Faria*



Catholic academics can participate in exchange programs

Partnerships with other institutions ensure opportunity for students to study in foreign universities

MARIANA OSTEMBERG

The exchange is part of many young students' plans. The possibility of learning about new cultures, have new experiences, both personal and academic, and even develop a sense of independence, awaken the desire to know more of the world outside the country in which you live. Although this dream requires some investment, the Dom Bosco Catholic University, in partnership with Santander Universities offer exchange semester opportunity, through the Ibero-American Scholarship program.

In this case, the investment is in academic life. To be awarded the scholarship, it is necessary that the students have a good performance in class, has certain command of the language, maturity, independence and responsibility. The

Ibero-American Scholarship program has partnerships with universities in Latin America, Spain and Portugal.

The program offers scholarship worth 3,000 euros for the six-month journey. The International Relations Office of UCDB accompanies the exchange student from initial preparation, guiding him in the choice of destination, enrollment in foreign universities, with assistance of international agreements, visa withdrawal, international insurance, among others. The student is also accompanied while out and when he/she finishes the process.

Ten students from the Catholic earned this opportunity and, at the end of January and February, went on a trip to the chosen destinations. The students, Jenifer da Silva Leite, Renato Costa Campos, Ismael Plácido



Programs have partnerships with universities in Latin America



Representatives of Universidad Silva Henríquez, from Chile, from UCDB and academics

Tomielis, Leticia Alves da Cruz, Matheus de Souza Santana, Cristóvão Ferreira de Lima, Guilherme Henrique de Luz and Johnny Souza Cardozo chose Chile. While the student, Jessika Aparecida Garcia Correa chose Spain, and Renato Martins de Lima, Portugal.

The student, Renato Martins de Lima, of the 8th semester of psychology of Catholic, was the first to embark on the 29th of January to Portugal to the University of Porto. "An international experience opens your horizons, making it possible to see how your future profession is worldwide. I will have the opportunity to be in one of the 100 best universities in the world. It is something that adds not only to my professionalism as well as to personality. A truly unforgettable experience," said the student.

Since the Ibero-American scholarship program began (2011), according to the press office of Santander, more than 3.3 thousand Brazilian students have attended one semester at universities of

the participating countries. And this year, a thousand scholarships will be offered to students from the program. To participate, the student should have more than 20% of the full curriculum and less than 90%. Registration must be made on www.santanderuniversidades.com.br and delivered in the Catholic International Relations sector. The notice should be released later this year on the site mentioned above.

In addition to this program, other exchanges agencies have collaborated with UCDB, but the trip is for academic account. They are AIESEC, skope and American Corner. Interested parties should seek the IR Department. "The Assistance is available to meet all the academic community interested in opportunities abroad, either through grants or partner agencies services," said the Assistant International Relations Advisory Rafael Grubert. More information can be obtained by International Relations sector, located in the administrative block or phone (67) 3312-3614.



Freshmen approve UCDB's themed reception

Infotainment marked the first day of class in the institution

GILMAR HERNANDES

Darth Vader, Obi Wan, Padme Amidala, BB8, Rey and Princess Leia were among the fantasies of professors and scholars in the thematic reception of freshmen at the Catholic University Don Bosco (UCDB), which took place on 1st of February this year. With the soundtrack of Star Wars, while in the entrance of the institution, the freshmen were finding various messages through the halls, starting with this: 'May the force continue with you'.

"I found it very interesting the reception made by the university this year. It took that idea that everyone had to be forced to do what he or she does not want, "said the civil engineering freshman Thalles Brisola. The same opinion was shared by

administration academic Attos Pinto Julio, saying it was the first time he saw an action like this "It was a very nice reception made by UCDB". For the freshman of law school, Darilza Carla Mateus de Souza Borges, who is already a graduate in Languages, the differentiated initiative of the university was very positive.

"People are afraid to come to the first day of school for fear of trot, but this time the public was present at the reception. I found it very 'Star Wars' theme fun, everyone was very happy and professors interacted with the students". Dozens of voluntary veterans contributed to the success of receiving students, providing information to newcomers and giving the example that there is nothing better than being welcomed. At

the end of the first half, scholars relied on simultaneous shows with the Brazilian country music duo Isac & Ferrant (block A), the Samba 10 group (block B) and pop rock group Dona Nega (block C).

More than 50 military policemen made rounds around the institution to ensure safety on the first day of class.

CHURCH

The Dean of UCDB Fr. Ricardo Carlos, met on February 3, with the freshmen at São João Bosco Church, reinforcing everything the institution offers beyond education (internships, exchanges, scholarships, fitness gymnastics), and urged to seek more than just getting good grades, take care of the spiritual side of health, do extension courses, embark on a scientific research, among others.





Young with microcephaly gives overcoming lesson

Ana Carolina is graduated in Journalism from UCDB

GILMAR HERNANDES

The young girl Ana Carolina Dias Caceres, 24, was born with microcephaly by craniosynostosis and after undergoing several surgeries and intensive treatment in childhood, managed to lead a relatively normal life, giving a lesson in overcoming those who did not believe that she would talk, walk or even survive. Recently she completed the course of Social Communication Journalism Enabling the Dom Bosco Catholic University (UCDB) and now write for her blog (<https://xcarolinacaceres.wordpress.com/>), in which she reported a bit of

her experience on the subject microcephaly, asides answering questions of parents who have children with the syndrome. “The main questions of the people who come to me are to know about treatment and surgery I did. As I am the exception of exception, all have a lot of curiosity”, she explains.

“The day of my graduation (15 December 2015) was a great thrill because journalism has become important to me. A wedding with something that I have chosen for life,” said the recently graduated

The journalism professor at UCDB, Cristina Ramos says



Ana Carolina and Journalism Coordinator, Professor Oswaldo Ribeiro

that Ana Carolina was a student dedicated to ongoing activities. “She has all the personality characteristics and goals of a good student of Journalism. Always in tune with the will to help people to seek solutions to their problems and interested in telling good stories,” she says.

At the university, she introduced university television programs such as ‘Deu certo’ and ‘Joga na Roda’, asides being extensionist of ‘Rádio Em Foco’ program, with blocks

linked to culture.

A year before beginning to emerge cases of microcephaly related to Zika, that people linked to it began to know a little about her story when she wrote the book “selfie em meu autorretrato; microcephaly is difference and motivation” as Work Course Conclusion (TCC). “Presenting the Work Completion of course, when she defended the book about her life and how microcephaly was part of her transformation, was when most colleagues discovered what had happened to her,” says the guiding professor.

Academic and egress of UCDB help in Olympics 2016

GILMAR HERNANDES

The Organizing Olympic Committee selected former judoka of Dom Bosco Catholic University (UCDB), Marcelo da Silva Matos, 34, in 2016 to work as judo technical officer, acting directly on the logistics of the competition, which takes place in August in Rio de Janeiro. On 8 and 9 March, he takes part in the test event, prior to the games, and returns 6 to 12 August, when the sport will be officially disputed. Judoka Layana Colman, of Catholic Physical Education course, in turn, is one of the selected athletes to fight in the preparatory event for 2016.

“The thrill of participating in the organization of the Olympic

Games, in particular judo, meets an old athlete’s dream, and I am now having the opportunity to perform as a sports manager”, describes Matos.

The President of the Brazilian Judo Confederation, Paulo Wanderley Teixeira, who pointed out that the selection criteria have been the participation in exemplary fashion in national events in the past two years, and have characteristics such as responsibility and proactivity, officially communicated the former athlete earlier this year.

Matos began practicing judo at age eight, graduated in Physical Education at UCDB in 2005 and competed until 24 years. “I won several national and international titles, including the runner-up in



Marcelo da Silva Matos

the Brazilian University Games in 2002, representing UCDB. Today, I work as a sports manager and events in a private school, in addition to working with judo from initiation to high performance in a club”, says.

THE SYNDROME

The young girl’s mother only found out that her daughter had microcephaly three days after the birth, because during the tests made in the prenatal, they did not show any problems. But in the first days of her life, she made the first surgery to correct the malformation of the skull, going through four others, in addition to physical therapy, go to a psychologist and a cardiologist. until 12 years, she took medicine to control seizures.

For parents of children born with microcephaly, it leaves a very clear advice. “Try to meet other parents of children in this situation and not be discouraged because, persistence is the way of success”, she concludes.



Professor Ludovico Migliolo,
Program in Biotechnology of
the Catholic

UCDB researching can result in innovative antibiotics

Studies using Pantanal plants and animals

SILVIA TADA

By observing the exuberant nature of the South Pantanal, tourists are enchanted by the richness of the fauna and flora living harmonically. Researchers, however, see further and ask: why? Why some plants are more resistant to weathering than others are? Why do some fish have higher power cell regeneration? How can these effects be reproduced for the good of humanity?

Captained by professor at the Catholic University Don Bosco (UCDB), dr. Octavio Luiz Franco, about 240 researchers worldwide work analyzing plants and animals of the Pantanal in search of

compounds that may lead to new drugs, especially antibiotics against lung infections. These scientists are linked to the Mato Grosso do Sul institutions and also from countries in Asia, Africa, North America and Europe.'

There are two fronts: a group research plants, and other, wetland animals. In two years of studies, about 20 plant species were tested, with positive results for three of them: *Alibertia eduli*, *American Genipa* and *rigid Palicourea*. Among animals, two species of stingrays showed promising results in different tissue samples. In addition, there is research involving amphibians and reptiles.

"All of them are working well

against resistant bacteria, the KPC type. So we are extracting and searching for molecules that are able to control these bacteria. These are very encouraging results. In the stingrays, we have a species that has a secretion that has pharmacological properties and can serve as antibiotics and healing properties," detailed Octávio.

ADVERSITIES

The flood and drought regime in the Pantanal, the dry weather and the incidence of fires in the Savanna - the climatic conditions in general that affect these two biomes - attracted researchers to the species of more resistant plants and animals, as, to survive, They needed to adapt, and this causes them to have a pool of different compounds.

"It's an amazing attraction and very little explored. In the case of stingrays, no one had to attempt to study their poison. We realize that when they had injuries caused by piranhas or other attacks, they healed very fast. Furthermore, they did not have infection marks — which is very abnormal. If you have an open wound, you will surely have a bacterial infection, and we realized that this did not happen. The same thing happens when a stingray injures someone. It decreases the microfibre formation to replenish the tissue, but there is no type of infection: it is always the direct effect without the indirect effect. From there, we began to study and saw a series of compounds that can serve as antibiotics," said Octavio Franco.

SNAKES AND AMPHIBIANS

In the same area of research, Professor Dr. Ludovico Migliolo guides scientists studying the effect of toxins from snakes and

amphibians. "The more poisonous, more interesting for us. We intend to use these molecules of toxins to develop a new drug, which may be an antibiotic, a vaccine or a diagnostic kit", explained.

Ludovico explains that a new work front began with the purpose of researching larvae carrion flies found in beef and pork decomposition. "They are insects that are in such a hostile environment, contaminated, and that are surviving. So let's look at what features are in them and if there are any drug use".

INCT

To work so extensive and complex, partnerships and exchanges between researchers and institutions should happen. There are about 20 people in UCDB connected to the Master's and doctoral programs in Biotechnology and Masters and Doctorate in Environmental Sciences and Sustainable Agriculture, in addition to undergraduate courses such as biology, pharmacy, Agronomy, Veterinary Medicine, Physical Education, Engineering Computer, among others.

Several institutions in Brazil collaborate with research and the Ministry of Science and Technology, CNPq and Fundect has been asked to create a National Institute of Science and Technology (INCT). If approved, will be the first of Mato Grosso do Sul. The participating foreign institutions include the University of British Columbia (Canada), University of Queensland (Australia), Universidad de La Habana (Cuba), Massachusetts Institute of Technology, MIT (United States), University of Hong Kong (China), the University of Liverpool (England), University of Lisbon (Portugal), among others.

SUCCESS COMES FROM TIME

Andressa Tognon

Currently we contemplate an organizational setting in which people are the force that move a company recognized as the main factor for the development of organizations, and where an increasingly valued concept

is teamwork. An individual cannot contain alone the knowledge of all areas that meet the needs of an organization, hence the importance of the wealth of differences we find in a team. With different

opinions, experiences, backgrounds and points of view, each person contributes to the good result of a task.

To get good results, there is the need for each member to know their tasks, by a careful leader to all that happens, and also to what other members are doing.

Share information and responsibilities allows each give the best of themselves, help others and, in the absence of a member, the group will know how to perform their function without compromising the productivity of labor, bringing the team to positive results.

The collective effort and the interaction of a team has an extraordinary power, It allows tasks to be performed more efficiently, quickly, adds value to the service, creates trust among employees, allows the development of new skills and socializing with colleagues.

In teamwork, every person is valued and has great importance, because with the different contributions everyone move to meet a common goal: Success

Development Coordination
Human and Institutional

PASTORAL MOMENT

“Do you know where the word LENT come from?”

... Is that there was a Latin phrase “Forty die Christus pro nobis tradetur”, which translates as “From now to 40 days (on the fortieth day) Christ will deliver us, for our salvation.” Lent, in this case, it is short for “fortieth”. This abbreviation has to express the meaning of an entire sentence and, since then, is used to denote the period of forty days in which Catholics carry out the preparation for Easter, the most important feast of the Christian liturgical calendar, which celebrates the Resurrection of Jesus. This period begins on Ash Wednesday and ends on Wednesday of Holy Week. It is a time rich in love and mercy, in which each person is invited to confront their lives with the message of the Gospels. The expected result is always the conversion of heart.



But why 40 days? At first, it was only 3 days, Holy Thursday, the Good Friday and Holy Saturday. However, Christians realized that three days were insufficient so that it could prepare an important and central event properly. Then, around the year 350 A . C., the church decided to increase the preparation time to forty days. The number 40 brings rich symbolism and biblical references: The flood lasted for forty days and forty nights and it was preparing for a new humanity, purified by water. For forty years, the Jewish people walked through the wilderness to the Promised Land. Before receiving God's forgiveness, the people of Nineveh did penance for forty days. Prophet Elijah's forty days and forty nights to get to the mountain of God. Preparing

to fulfill its mission among men, Jesus fasted for forty days and forty nights. Moses had done the same.

So we have 40 days (well, now remaining less), for this great party. Pope Francisco, with the backdrop of the “year of mercy” gives us rich and possible suggestions for this Lent, which are as follows:

1. Smiling, a Christian is always cheerful!
2. To thank (though no “need” to do so).
3. Remind each other how much you love yourself.
4. Greet with joy the people you see every day.
5. Listen to the story of another without judgment, with love.
6. Stop to help. Be aware of who needs you.
7. Encourage someone.
8. Recognize the successes and qualities of the other.
9. Separate what you do not use and give to those in need.
10. Help someone so he or she can rest.
11. Correct with love; do not remain silent for fear.
12. Having niceties with those who are close to you.
13. Clean the dirtied at home.
14. Help others to overcome obstacles.
15. Call your parents.

Celebrate Lent is to recognize the presence of God in our work, our studies, our relationships. Let us then do all with the most pure and sincere love.



adverse possession

Mr. João Ferreira dos Santos

Project regulates real estate deeds to poor residents

Center for Legal Practice of Catholic University Dom Bosco offers free service

MYLENA ENSINAS

Dom Bosco Catholic University (UCDB) through the Center for Legal Practice (Nuprajur) performs adverse possession Project aiming to collaborate with the low-income population in the settlement of real estate deeds, as is the case of João Ferreira dos Santos, 80, who in 1992 acquired a land and built a house, but the process of the property deed has dragged in court for 24 years. The project is one of the activities related to the UCDB's design of Knowledge Engineering. "It was a light that illuminated me to have found UCDB" it was the definition given by João Santos, who will finally realize the biggest dream: to legalize the property. Through an academic of Catholic

Law, he met the work done by Nuprajur and since then, the process has been accompanied by the trainee, law student, Willian Felipe, and supervised by the professor Victoriano de Menezes Villamil.

The project counts on the participation of students from the two graduations, law and Civil Engineering of the Catholic. "The coolest thing is to provide engineering students the chance to exercise the practical part of their area, as well as the law students the rights to exercise the legal part of their profession," said project coordinator Professor Renato Ferreira Rocha.

5th semester student of Civil Engineering Evellyn Liliana Dias points out that she participates in the project primarily from the social side. "Because it allows people who

do not have financial conditions to regularization of their lots, making the whole process free. Many were at risk of losing their land", she explains.

PROCEDURES

To participate in the project, it is necessary that citizens look for Nuprajur with the documentation that h or she has the lot. From that moment, the Center establishes the process, which is sent to the Catholic Engineering sector. All paperwork is forwarded to the professor Ruthenium César Cristaldo, responsible for part of Project Engineering. Upon receiving the issued certificate, the professor passes the information required to students, which have the function to make a certificate from the collection of location information

and implementation of the work, to issue a license. In all, eleven scholars, from various semesters, participate in the activities.

Upon completion of the collection of information, all results are again sent to Professor Ruthenium, who supports the students and ensures that all documentation is correct, so that they can make the Technical Responsibility Note (ART), which only may be issued by a trained engineer.

The lecturer highlighted the gap between the social classes that occur in Brazil. "On one hand, there are people who have no income, therefore, have no ability to pay for the realization of such a project, that is his or right right. Meanwhile, there is another aspect, which is concerned only to expropriate people".

"I think the adverse possession project interesting because it helps people who need to regularize their lots. We learn about the part of documentation a little more of how this part of regularization of my professional area is. It is very interesting to know, asides learning, I will be helping other people", said the student.

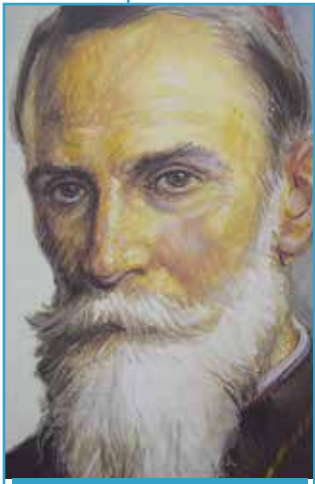
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LUÍS VERSIGLIA

1873 - 1930

Luis Versiglia was born in Oliva Gessi in the province of Pavia, Italy on June 5, 1873. From an early age helped in the Mass. The people have imagined him as a priest, but Louis did not

want to hear about it: what he really wanted was to be a veterinarian. At age 12, Don Bosco, who fascinated him enough to change his mind, accepted him.

In 1888, shortly after the death of the Saint, Luis was very impressed with the ceremony of the Crucifix to seven missionaries. He decided to become a Salesian, with the hope to start from the missions.

He obtained a degree in philosophy, he soon prepared for ordination, which took place in 1895. At just 23 years old, Fr. Michael Rua, successor of Don Bosco, appointed him novice master in Genzano, Rome, a mission he met with kindness, firmness and patience for ten years.

At the insistence of the

bishop of Macao, in 1906, six Salesians arrived in China, led by Fr Versiglia. They were repeatedly performing the prophecy of Don Bosco. The "house of mother" established in Macau Salesian, the mission of Heungchow was also opened. Fr. Louis cheered the whole region with the style of Don Bosco, creating a very popular musical band, orphanages and oratories.

In 1918, Salesians received the Vicar Apostolic of Canton, the Schiuchow mission. On January 9, 1921, Father. Versiglia was consecrated bishop. Wise, tireless and poor, continually traveling to visit and encourage the brothers and Christians of that region. His arrival was a party to the villages, especially for children. He was a true

shepherd, dedicated entirely to his flock.

It gave the Vicariate a solid structure with a seminar and training facilities. He even designed several residences and homes for the elderly and needy. Nursed strongly the formation of catechists.

He wrote in his notes: "The missionary who is not united to God is a channel that separates the source". "The missionary who prays a lot, will perform a lot". As Don Bosco was an example of work and temperance.

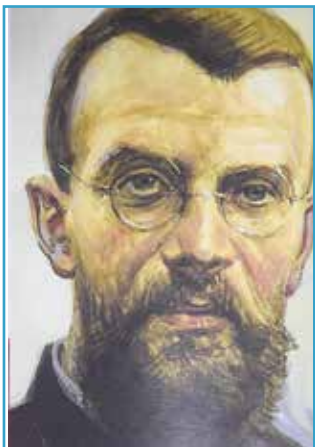
However, in China, the political situation had become very tense, especially for Christians and foreign missionaries. The persecutions began. On February 13, 1930, along with Fr. Caravario, the bishop was to make a pastoral visit

in Linchow mission.

On the 25th, a group of Bolshevik pirates stopped the bishop's boat and tried to take over the girls. The missionaries were opposed with all their strength. Useless. Began martyrdom: savage beating and death by firing squad. Before Don Versiglia pleaded with Father. Caravario. Then, on his knees, he received the discharge. His last breath was for the souls of their beloved China.

John Paul II beatified him on May 15, 1983 and canonized him on October 1, 2000.

The texts of the Salesian Sanctities, published in the UCDB newspaper since edition 268 (October 2012), were originally published in the Saints book of the Salesian Family, written by Enrico Dal Covolo and Giorgio Mocci



CALISTO CARAVARIO

1903 - 1930

Calisto Caravario was born in Cuorgnè, in the province of Turin, Italy, on 18 June 1903. From an early age by his meek and reflective character, everyone considered him a good boy. By nature, he

was taken to prayer. He dearly loved his mother, as witnessed by the numerous letters that he wrote. At age 5, he moved with his family to Turin, near the oratory of Porta Nuova. In the Salesian school, he was one of the first of the class. Every day was about helping at Mass.

Advised by the director of the Oratory, Fr. Sante Garelli, he entered the Novitiate and became a Salesian. In 1922, King Louis Versiglia was in Turin and told the priests about the missions. Calisto said, "Sir, one day I'll be with you in China". Fr. Garelli went to China. Calisto insisted so much that after a short time, he managed to leave

too. The mother told Fr Garelli: "I willingly leave my son in the hands of Don Bosco". And Callisto would write: "With all the affection that I am able, I thank you, Lord, for thou hast given me such a good mother." "Mom, a story that will give you joy: this morning I gave my first catechism class in Chinese."

Callistus was sent to Macao. After two years, his new destination was the Timor Island, where he edified everyone for their kindness and apostolic zeal. He wrote: "My good mother, pray that your Callistus be a priest in full, not just half".

On May 18, 1929, returning to Shiuchow,

Don Versiglia ordained him priest and entrusted him with the Linchow mission. Soon he visited all the families and won the sympathy of the schoolboys.

Suddenly, China's political situation began to boil. Who suffered most were Christians and foreign missionaries. The persecution did not make them wait. On February 13, 1929, Fr. Caravario was in Shiuchow to accompany the bishop in pastoral visit to his Linchow mission. During the journey, riddled Pirates Bolshevik ideology try to capture the catechists who were in the boat of the missionaries.

Fr. Calisto spoke kindly to them. Without listening

to him, they beat the two missionaries and forced them to get off the boat. They took them to a forest. There, a few moments before death, Father. Caravario pleaded with Don Versiglia. Then he was shot.

It was February 25, 1930. Eight years earlier, Fr. Caravario told Don Versiglia: "One day I'll be with you in China". He was. In life and in death.

John Paul II beatified him on May 15, 1983 and canonized him on October 1, 2000.