

UCDB

newspaper

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INOVATION

RESEARCH



TECHNOLOGY

MANAGEMENT
OF PROJECTS



The ecosystems' innovation

As the demand of society grows in the sense of generating alternatives related to different activities, such as the production of assets or services, environmental sustainability, social and economic, an application of creative teaching and research becomes necessary, forming professional entrepreneurs in several areas of activities developed by people.

The Catholic University Dom Bosco inserted in its Navigation chart the following vision: starting in 2014, under the leadership of the Dean of Research and Post-graduation, a movement in order to create conditions for the inclusion of their Professors, students and administrative workers in a major institutional challenge: A design, creation and implementation of an innovation ecosystem.

This space was consolidated

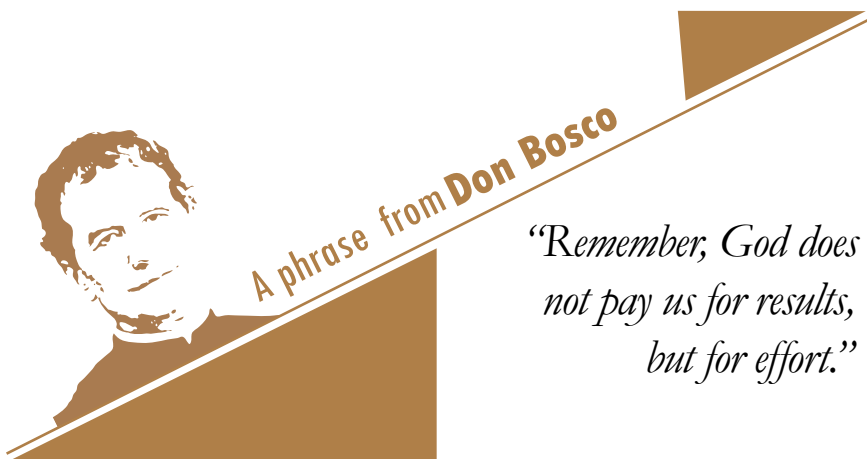
with the approval by the Board of Regents of the Innovation Agency and Tuíuí Foundation.

This path has been firmed, with ups and downs at the level of national public policies, but we are still a nation which is far from those countries that have placed Science, Technology and Innovation as a key tool for social and economic development in their societies. The Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation has been advancing in recent decades, although timidly relatively to our economic competitors like China, Korea, Japan and India.

I see the government initiatives of the State of Mato Grosso do Sul with great optimism, with its proposals of strategic projects of social and economic development, opening a large space for the insertion of research and

innovation, in many different aspects, on projects that are in course. As the first major initiative, the government sets the guidelines for the institutionalization and consolidation of the Forum of Science, Technology and Innovation of the State of Mato Grosso do Sul, as established by Legislative Decree 14 145 on March 4th, 2015. This dynamics will allow the State, through its Departments and agencies, to establish a new management model CT & I to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of using knowledge generated in universities, Technological Institutes and Research Centers in the major demands of the local society.

Dr. Ruy de Araújo Caldas
Director of the Innovation and
Entrepreneurship Agency "S Inova"



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2015

HOVET offers video equipment and surgeries transmission for academics

More students will have access to the procedures with excellent sharpness.

GABREL BITTAR

The Veterinary Hospital (Hovet) of the Catholic University Dom Bosco (UCDB) now has professional instruments and devices for the transmission of surgery videos. This way, students can watch the procedures live from an AW-HE60SN Panasonic camera to a 50"TV set, installed in a room next to the operating room.

It becomes possible for many scholars to see the surgery in detail, thanks to high definition image.

The student learning is an important factor in surgeries, however they always prize for carrying out the operation successfully, so that the animal can recover in the best possible way. Watching a live clinical procedure allows the veterinary medicine academic to understand virtually everything that is seen in theory and generates integral attachment content. This also allows the veterinarian to observe that surgery is not something pre-defined but adaptable to the patient's situation.

"Duquesa", the dog that was operated in a one-hour and a half surgery in March, is an evidence of the careful realization of surgery and the use of technology at UCDB'S Veterinary Hospital. In the procedure, the removal of an

implant plate from the right foreleg and the amputation of her left foreleg were held. The surgery was performed with inhalation anesthesia and has an average recovery time of ten days.

Professor and veterinary surgeon Me Luciano Pereira de Barros confirms that the surgeries have been performed for ten years at Hovet, and ensures the safety of the procedure: "We have a high success rate, which could be translated into more than 95%."

Besides all the technology, which also ensures the success of the surgery, is the care that scholars have with the animal before applying general anesthesia, doing it carefully the animal feels calm when it when faces a situation of being in a place that is different from their usual environment.

Academic Bruno Dondoni Malacarne, in 9th semester of Veterinary Medicine, says that although they are always confident because it is common in surgeries, each operation is treated with the utmost care: "It's traditional, because we know the routine. We are confident about everything but

we act carefully, and everyone does their part so that everything goes well," he says. He adds: "The knowledge of academics is enhanced with practical experience, because it is different from just reading a surgical technique. This way more confident and dynamic professionals will be ready to perform the techniques."

The service at the Veterinary Hospital is open to all, and the performed surgeries in class are not

charged. However they can also be paid when the surgeries are not part of the academics classes. The opening hours of Hovet are Monday to Friday from 7am to 4 pm, and on Saturdays from 7am to 12pm, at UCDB. Each animal to be operated has its surgery performed by qualified doctors, and the treatment just like as "Duquesa", which recovery expectations are the best possible, always aimed to life quality.



Professionals and academics can accompany patients during surgery through the integrated system of video

UCDB NEWS: What skills does the graduation course in Management at UCDB aim to train in a professional?

RICARDO: The course seeks to train management professionals who are able to make decisions in dynamic environments, committed to ethics, sustainability and enhancement of the organizational levels of competitiveness through innovative and entrepreneurial activities, as in the management of organizations, or in the realization of scientific research.

UCDB NEWS: What are the distinctions of UCDB's course?

RICARDO: The course curriculum was recently updated and it is in line with what's latest in educational administration and market. The course aims to fully work the triad teaching, research and extension. It provides to academics a diversity of experiences that greatly contribute to their training. The structure of the University is also a different factor: classrooms provide adequate conditions for the study; the physical library has a large collection of volume and diversity, beyond the recent deployment of access to virtual library. The professors are qualified, with a significant number of masters and doctors and several lines of action. Traditionally the course promotes an annual Workshop and Tradeshow, that recognized entrepreneurs and the academic community participate. A significant difference is that the students have participation in the development of courses and activities. The classroom leaders participate in regular meetings with the Coordination for planning actions together with the professors.

UCDB NEWS: Tell us about the administration course at UCDB

RICARDO: The management course is at night and held through



Ricardo Alexandre Martins Garcia*

eight semesters, in a total of four years. The classes mix theoretical and practical activities. When academics improve and deepen their theoretical knowledge related to their area they start the practical activities. In addition, academics participate in outreach activities in the community and also in researches; In addition, scholars also participate in outreach activities in the community and in research, as business consulting, market research and product development.

UCDB NEWS: How is the labor market?

RICARDO: Management is undoubtedly one of the professional areas which presents a larger number of opportunities. Management is undoubtedly one of the professional areas that present opportunities. You can work in education - as our professors - in consulting, in the public management, in the private business management and in the development of entrepreneurial activities. The public sector has been increasing the demand for Administration professional services, due to the modernization of public administration and there is a demand for new private enterprises, based on the principles of management that the professional in Administration has.

** Degree and masters in Business Administration and a PhD candidate in Environmental Sciences and Sustainable Agriculture. Management course coordinator in the classroom mode*

UCDB NEWS: What skills does a degree in Agronomy aim to train?

LUCAS: The Agronomy course aims to train professionals who can act in several sectors of agribusiness like the administrative sector of the agricultural companies in areas like: research and rural extension, state and federal sanitary inspection, marketing of agricultural inputs, direct assistance to farmers and an infinitude of other activities that are the responsibility of an agronomist.

UCDB NEWS: What are the distinctions of UCDB's course?

LUCAS: The student of Agronomy course has in its curriculum program, disciplines that provide a solid background. In their professional profile they follow what the market needs, giving basis for their intellectual, professional and social development. The course of Agronomy has a qualified teaching staff composed by masters and doctors. The university also offers a different physical structure of classrooms, laboratories, Farm School, and a diverse and updated bibliographic as well.

UCDB NEWS: How is the Agronomy Course at UCDB?

LUCAS: The graduation period has the duration of five years and the last six months are of supervised training. Classes are held in the morning (from 7:25 am to 12:50pm). The course subjects are divided into theoretical and theoretical-practical. During the course, the students participate in technical visits to research companies, farms, mills and other organizations. Academics can also participate in research and extension activities, which help them to make choices and set their preferences.

UCDB NEWS: How is the labor market for the agronomists?

LUCAS: Our country is large and it has on its territory a big agricultural potential. Brazil stands out in the world in food production and, in this context, the figure of the Agronomist is essential, because this professional can act and work in this whole area. Nowadays, agronomy professionals are specializing in areas such as precision farming, protected cultivation, forestry and integrated crop-livestock-forest and others.

Lucas Castro Torres*



**Agronomist engineer. Doctor of Agriculture Ethnology by UFPA. Professor of UCDB*

Students, it's time to do the Course Conclusion Paper!

The task must have an important topic for the academic life and for society.

EDYELK DOS SANTOS
MARIANA OSTEMBERG

As the end of college gets closer, we then think about the last year, or rather in the production of the Course Conclusion Paper, as it is a final moment for everything that has been studied over the course. For the students, it is when questions about the importance of the course appear, but, mainly it is an opportunity that the academic has to apply their knowledge.

The start pointing must be given with Scientific Methodology subject, since this is the moment to apply their knowledge in everything that will be surveyed in his project. "Since the beginning of the Scientific Methodology subject or methods and research techniques, the student has to be guided by the professor who teaches the subject, to realize what the Brazilian Association of Technical Standards is, and all its applications, and then to create a Research Framework. Although the paper is produced, only by the end of the course, it is proper to start a research about topics of interest since the subject is taught", said professor Dr. Heitor Romero Marques, Master coordinator in Local Development at UCDB and teacher in many courses.

According to Heitor, every research project is part of a problem, since this will be the subject theme, then expressed by

a question. He explains that the greater objective of the work is a deep production of a particular topic and that it has a contribution not only for the academic life, but also for the society. "So the student has to consider his personal needs of researching, what is more relevant in his professional actuality and that deserves to be detailed, since it will be his contribution to his accumulated knowledge of the academy, at college", said Heitor.

When the problem is identified and the theme is defined, the academic goes on to the next stage,

the introduction, and its objectives (the general and specific ones), in which what you aim with the work is defined, always expressed with verbs in the infinitive form. After that, you should write the justification – this is a moment of many questions when writing a paper: it is needed to include the reasons that take one to research a particular topic.

"After that, the student should start to look up the literature, gather books, know where there are specific works to get or search in libraries, do researches on the internet to find other works, and all of this only will be possible with much reading, as it is the base to the academic writing, because, through it, the student will have to gather the authors' quotations, whatever they are direct or indirect", commented Heitor.

For the good progress of the work, the student always counts on the helping of a supervisor, who will teach the way where the student has to go through, but it is necessary to follow two criteria at the time of the choice: the specialty

to agree with the theme and the empathy and trust in the teacher.

Every final term paper is unique; therefore, the student should always keep the dialogue with their mentor to know the fundamental aspects that need to be included in his project. Heitor emphasized that he needs to know what will be his product: monograph, article and, in some degrees, even books or magazines. With that in mind, the mentor will show the way the student should follow and what there may be in his pre-project.

When the keys points are understood, it is easier to know where to start and what is needed to search, what is essential for the research, realizing a good theoretical foundation and content domain, since they are one of the criteria to have a good approval by the examining board. "The student needs to write well, to know how to base their theory, and cannot make use of any kind of plagiarism, keeping a good appearance and, finally, master the introduced content", concluded professor Dr. Heitor Romero Marques.

THE FORMATTING RULES

PAGE NUMBERING:

The counting starts by the cover page, but only appears at the introduction. The algorithms must appear always on the right top corner, 2 cm from the border.

MARGINS: The top and the left must have a cm distance from the border. But the bottom and the right must present a margin of 2 cm

TITLES: IT'S IMPORTANT THAT THEY ARE WRITTEN IN SIZE 12, USING ARIAL OR TIMES NEW ROMAN.

FOOTNOTES

letters size 10 and single space.

INDIRECT QUOTATION: IT IS A QUOTE WRITTEN IN THE TEXT ITSELF, IN WHICH THE AUTHOR'S SURNAME AND THE PUBLISHING YEAR MUST BE IN PARENTHESES

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SITE REFERENCE:

AUTHOR'S LAST NAME, AUTHOR'S NAME, TITLE OF THE 8 AND DATE OF ACCESS.

Fonte: viacarteira.com/legis-da-abnt-para-tes-convenc-principais-normas/

Students can learn and play with a game “UCDB Challenge”

The new application has some questions from Enem and college entrance exams from UCDB

GABRIEL BITTAR

It is already available for download version 1.0 of UCDBChallenge Game. The game is designed for students who wish to prove or test their knowledge and will take the National Secondary Education Examination (ENEM). It can be downloaded from the Apple Store and the Google Play or it can also be accessed by Facebook for free. Innovation is part of the actions of the Agency of Academic Future (AFA / UCDB). Using questions from ENEM (2010 to 2014) and questions from “Desafio UCDB” test, the game includes several areas of knowledge with an approximate

total of 1000 registered questions. The questions from “Desafio UCDB” (UCDB Challenge test) follow ENEM standards, and the game brings a large coverage of content.

The game is offered by Catholic University Dom Bosco (UCDB) and programmed by Just Works, and has a characteristic ranking for Facebook friends, city players neighborhood players, school players and overall ranking and it provides interactivity between players. As the players answer the question, they know the number of questions they have already answered and can also take a rest and come back later. The information for the ranking

comes from the register held by the player before he starts playing. UCDB Challenge is held annually with the objective of rewarding the best students from public and private schools in Mato Grosso do Sul with scholarships. In addition, students can take the test score to join a campus undergraduate course at the University and also be prepared for Enem. The project will be accomplished in the second semester of this year. Student Lucas Souza Rodrigues, 17, who attends last year of high school at State School José Barbosa

Rodrigues, commented on the importance of uniting technology and studies for young people: “Each year that passes, the content becomes more difficult. Using technology is something that involves more the youngsters.” He wishes to study medicine, and he is going to take the exam as a test to reach his goal. “But if I am selected at ‘Desafio UCDB’ I’ll go for Engineering or Law at UCDB” he says. You can get more information about the game and the specific links for download on www.ucdb.br/desafioucdb/game/.



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www.ucdb.br

Fundação Tuiuiú has a strategic role in the institutional and regional development

Entity will act in partnership and management in projects, allowing an innovation ecosystem

SILVIA TADA

The implantation of a technological park at Dom Bosco Catholic University is one of the institution's goals for the next years. To make this happen, two important bases of support have already been created: the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Agency S-Inova and Fundação Tuiuiú, that retake their activities in 2015.

Fundação Tuiuiú is a legal entity of private law, a charitable event, scientific, cultural, educational and provision of services, nonprofit. It has its own patrimony, administrative and financial autonomy. The new elected president is Fr. Paulo Fernando Vendrame, member of Board Trustees as well as UCDB Rector Fr. José Marinoni, Pro-Rectors Aparecida Butera and Luciane Pinho de Almeida, teacher Rocheli Cavalcanti Carnaval, collaborator Joseph Carlos Taveira and businessman Carlos Pinesso Ademir, who took office in April.

"While the S-Inova agency has the function to develop and protect new technologies, stimulate new social and technological projects and be a university showcase, even with the training of human resources, Fundação Tuiuiú will act in the capture and in the management resources, provision consultancies, offering post graduation and courses, compounding part of an innovation ecosystem", said the foundation superintendent, Neila Farias Lopes.

According to what was explained, Tuiuiú focuses on developing business and



This month, members of the new board of curators took up their offices

partnerships through contracts and agreements with individuals or legal entities of public or private law, aiming to benefit the relationship of UCDB with the government, with the productive sector and others segments of society. This way, the Foundation will have a strategic role in the institutional and regional development, disclosing the portfolio of technical and technological services available in the University, performing contracts and agreements, developing and analyzing proposals for projects that result in meeting demands in community and in the strengthening of practical- professional students learning. Another work front will be concentrated in the resource management, since the emission of statements and certificates to the accountability of statements and projects in innovation area. "We will look for promoting

the institutional, scientific and technological development of the university, receiving and managing efficient resources", he added.

Graduation and post-graduation students, teachers and collaborators can take advantage of this innovation environment and suggest projects and partnerships. "We are wide open to all the innovations, whatever they are social, technological, and management. Someone has a new idea about how to do something different: a new method, a new work can bring a discussion about viability. We will give all the technical support for the good ideas become workable, protected and be applied to society's benefit", detailed Professor Dr. Ruy de Araújo Caldas, S-Inova Agency director.





AeroDesign project encourages students to learn about Aeronautical Engineering

UCDB students work on assembling aircrafts that will take part in the SAE Brazil Championship.

SILVIA TADA

Researchers from Catholic University Dom Bosco provide the first steps in the study of aeronautical engineering to scholars of Mechanical Engineering and Automation and Control Engineering.

This is the AeroDesign, a project that exists since 2011 in the institution. The main goal is to build an aircraft to join the league of SAE Brazil, which happens in October in São José dos Campos (SP).

Two fellows from CNPq, ten academic volunteers and three professors participate in the activities. The coordinator Dr. Fernando Montanare Barbosa,

Dr. Uender da Costa Faria and Me. Fabiano Pagliosa Branco.

"The area of aeronautical engineering has been expanding and the interest of academics has been increasing. Learning more about the area is their goal and the best way to achieve that is to participate in research, where they can test new materials and technologies" said Fernando.

According to him, the group is divided into areas: software, calculations, airplane building and marketing. "And the most interesting is to see them working together. There are weekly meetings with academics all together and biweekly with teachers. It is when we can analyze the results, problems and

solutions".

One of the participants is Nicolay Lopez Gomes in 5th semester of Mechanical Engineering. As she explained, before starting her graduation, she had already had an interest in the aeronautics area. "When I heard there was a team here, as soon as I could, I tried to participate in all the activities. In addition to learning about the area in which I would like to act, I meet a lot of professionals and academics with the same interests. There are cases of former students who become interns in companies, those are doors that open. In 2014 I was in the area of propellers and engines; Nowadays, I'm in Marketing".

UCDB has already participated in the same national championship in 2012 and among 70 registered teams, only ten have succeeded in getting the aircraft to fly - and the Catholic team, Tuiuiu, was one of them. This year, according to the notice of SAE Brazil, the aircraft will have to carry up a cargo of 22 kilos. Besides the airplane, the technical details of the project are also evaluated and count many points in the final classifications. "One of the innovations that we will do is to use a new brake system, which has been developed by Professor Uender, who is an electrical engineer," said Professor Fernando.



In May UCDB will host a communication and marketing forum of Anec

Theme of the event will be "The building and managements of brands in educational institutions"

LARISSA RHANELLY

From the 6th through 8th of May, Catholic University Dom Bosco (UCDB) will host the II Communication and Marketing forum of the Catholic institutions of education that is designed for communication professionals, with the theme "The building and managements of brands in educational institutions".

The National Association of the Catholic Education of Brazil (Anec) promoted an event with a main objective: provide professional growth and development through lectures and debates. The forum will have workshops related to crisis management, the mounting of communication plans, the brand management (branding) and the preparing of advised for interviews.

(media training).

The event is going to be opened by Fr. Marinoni, by the financial director of Anec and president of the chamber of Controlling Committees Fr. Roberto Duarte Rosalino and archbishop of Campo Grande, Dom Dimas Lara Barbosa. After that, the lecture takes place with the theme "The Importance of internal communication",

which will be held by Professor Dr. Marlene Marchiori, from the State University of Londrina (UEL).

On the second day, the activities will be resumed with the discussion about the Importance of Branding, with the lecture of the professor Ligia Rizzo, followed by the lecture "The Role of the Communication Manager", with Tadeu Brettas. In the afternoon workshops will be held.

On Friday (8), at 8am, they will have workshops and the program will close with a lecture about "Communication for Generations X, Y and Z" given by the President of the Salesian Mission of Mato Grosso and Chancellor of UCDB Fr. Dr. Gildásio Mendes dos Santos.

The Forum is aimed to media professionals: journalists, press officers, communication and marketing managers, designers, web designers, advertising services, social network analysts, institutional relations, advertising, audiovisual production, teachers / researchers of communication field, marketing analyst and management of educational institutions.

More information about inscriptions, you can contact the phone (61) 3533-5055 or the website <http://anec.org.br/comunicacaoemarketing/>.

"Be up-to-date of Drones" is theme of extension course

GABRIEL BITTAR

Focusing on training in assembling procedures, settings and flight execution with unmanned air transports (vants), the extension course "Be up-to-date of Drones" is devoted to academics from Dom

Bosco Catholic University (UCDB), students and all interested.

With a workload of 8 hours, the course happens from May 16th through 23rd, from 2 pm to 6 pm, at UCDB Tamandaré. The registration date is until May 12th and the registrations can be made through the UCDB site (www.ucdb.br) or the Catholic Extension Courses Section, from 7am to 5pm. The course fee is R\$ 250,00.

The course lecturer, professor Jefe Rodolfo, in a lecture concerning

about VANTS at Catholica, on April 15th, commented the reasons that take a student to enroll at the course: "It's good that students know the technology, because one day they will need it in the field to monitor farms, crops, pasture, etc. The best way to do a farm monitoring is with a Vant. Moreover, there is a vast work area for those who master the technology", he said. More information can be obtained through the number 3312-3354.



Jefe Rodolfo lecturing at UCDB

possession

Ethics Committees

has new members

The Dom Bosco Catholic University dean, Fr. José Marioni, gave ownership, in the last 14th, to the members of Research Ethic Committee (CEP) who will act the next three years 2015-2017.

Here are the members of the Committee, representing their respective areas: Anita Guazelli Bernardes, Aucely Chagas Fernandes, Carina Elizei de Oliveira, Daniele Decanine, Eva Maria Ferreira, Hector Herrera Miraglia, Heitor

Romero Marques, Jacir Alfonso Zanatta, José Licinius Backes, Karine Ferreira da Costa, Karla Toledo Cândido Muller, Lauane Braz Volpe Camargo, Liliana Guimarães, Márcio Luís Costa, Ricardo Martins Santos, Rosemarly Candil, Sonia Grubits and Úrsulla Vilella Andrade.

The president is MárcioLuís Costa; the vice president, Jacir Alfonso Zanatta; 1st secretary, Karla Toledo Cândido Muller; and 2nd secretary, Daniele Decanine.

Fr. Marioni mentioned the



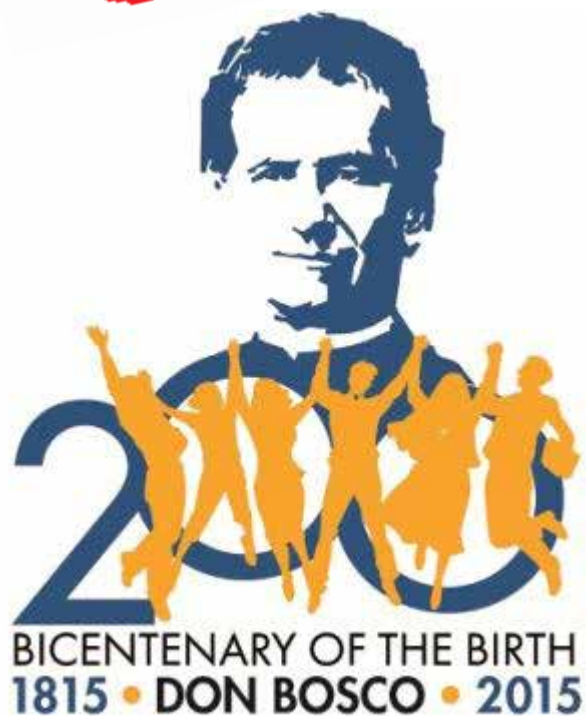
Fr. Marioni (in the middle) and professors of CEP 2015-2017

need to fulfill what is defined in relation to the analysis, reports, and regular meetings. "It is very important that the members have total independence in decision making", he said.

The president, who was reappointed to his position, anticipated that he will work on the reformulation of the

zip codeinternal regiment and encouraged teachers to participate of the training for the research works presentation submitted to the committee.

More information about the zip code can be obtained at the Pro Rectory of Research and Post-Graduation, through the number (67) 3312-3723.



More and more our university starts to notice the softness of a new look that arouse. The bicentenary of Dom Bosco's birth is marked by joys and hopes of a dream that has never let grow, because Dom Bosco dreams of our dreams and builds a world from our arms.

So the best behavior we can develop in ourselves is to think: How can my small gestures help people who live with me to develop fully?

This is an important question that requires attention because being happy is always our objective.

Thus, we want to propose to you small gestures that will help change our daily routine.

The first one is the Kindness. Be kind, in Salesian perspective, means to create a relationship environment that provides the opening of people to the growth process. There in, São Francisco of Sales was master

Small Gestures

when he affirmed that: "it catches much more flies with a drop of honey than with a barrel of vinegar".

The second one is the Respect built as justice, attitudes in social life and that really teaches values and solidify our life in the horizon of virtue.

Finally, a third attitude, the Dedication both to ourselves and to another person. Dedication understood here as the ability to do my life and the life of another person a great project whose objective is the fullness.

With these three realities: Kindness, Respect and Dedication we can build a better university, not only in spaces and structures but,essentially,in what that makes the human life to develop fully,that means, the relations.

Br. Gillianno Mazzetto
Pró-Reitor de Pastoral

MOTIVATION:

the fuel for a successful career

People Management / UCDB

Motivation is a commonplace term in the business world. Constantly we hear we must keep us motivated to perform the task, or accomplishing of something. But after all, what does motivation mean?

This term comes from the Latin moveres, which means moving, in other words, to reflect the condition of the organism to move in a givendirection. So it is an internal impulse that causes action. This way, we understand that the motivation is within; each subject has its own mechanism to be and to keep motivated. It is clear that the process is individual, subjective and internal.

There are countless theories of motivation, but let's think about Maslow's Theory. For him, there are five kinds of needs: physiological needs,

intimate security needs (physical and mental), love needs and relationships (involvement), esteem needs (self-confidence) and self-fulfillment needs (picture 1).

This type of motivation vision raised the comprehension to go beyond of basic needs and satisfaction of physical needs, but added the self-fulfillment needs, personal and professional development.

These needs were organized as a pyramid shape: in the base are the more basic needs (food, water, and sleep) and at the top, the personal achievement needs. The base needs are more primitive and urgent, and, as they were fulfilled, the highest levels of the pyramid will become possible, and the person rationalizes the search for reaching them.

Then, realizing in what

pyramid level we find ourselves, the desire and the boost to reach the next level should start from ourselves. When we realize what really motivates us,

this will be the fuel to leverage our projects and actions for searching self-fulfillment, and then achieve success, whatever in personal or professional life.

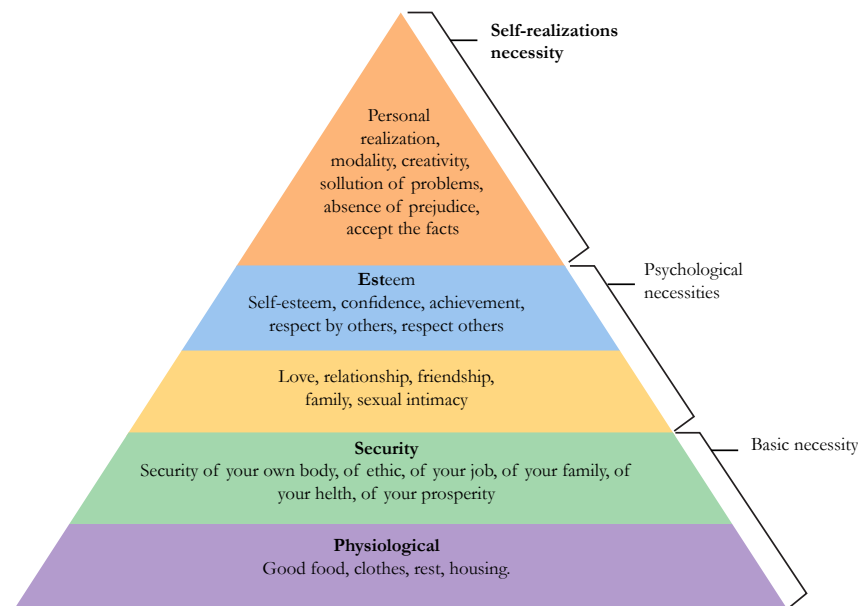


Figura: Fonte: www.jornalbrasileirogratuito.com.br

“ The chief thing is to take the burden on one's shoulders. As you press forward, it soon shakes down and the load is evenly distributed. ”

Don Bosco

BOOK TIPS



TITLE: AMÉRICAS IMAGINADAS: ENTRELUGARES MESTIÇOS, IDENTIDADES HÍBRIDAS
AUTHORS: MARCELO MARINHO, LÍCIA SOARES DE SOUZA E JOSEMAR DE CAMPOS MACIEL (ORGS.)

[...] Research about the culture and the society in all of the nuances of American Continent, results in a rediscovery of complex polemics ofdelayed problematic of genealogies that interconnect areas and lines of singular thoughts. Opposites in some aspects, extremely based in traditions, and eventually marked by theorist perspectives that are exclusivist and integrative but, always based on practices and individual experiences. All of these are outlined on the varied texts of the book Américasimaginadas: entrelugaresmestiços, identidadeshíbridas.

Maria Cristina Gobbi

TITLE: ENTRELAÇOS: PRODUÇÕES PSICANALÍTICAS NO CENÁRIO UNIVERSITÁRIO
AUTHOR: EDNÉIA ALBINO NUNES CERCHIARI E MARIA DE FÁTIMA CHAVARELLI (ORGS.)

Entrelaços: produções psicanalíticas no cenário universitário is the result of the interconnection of academic and psychoanalytic thought that the partnership of Psychoanalytic Society of Mato Grosso do Sul (SPMS) with UCDB led. The book reflects the fulfillment of a wish: Sharing the psychoanalytic knowledge and achievements. The authors are professionals of recognized academic competence and clinical practice. We hope that this compilation can provide in students curiosity by psychoanalytic knowledge that are added to their practices and can contribute to the professional and personal growth of the health care professionals and other disciplines.



STRENNA 2015 LIKE DON BOSCO, WITH THE YOUNG, FOR THE YOUNG! Part III

5.1 A first Centenary

We are celebrating the Bicentenary of the birth of Don Bosco. Naturally, there was a first Centenary, of which I want to offer a brief historical survey.[15]

We can begin by saying that in 1915 there was not one Centenary but two, both very "Salesian": the birth of Don Bosco and the decision to make 24 May the date for the celebration in honour of Mary the Help of Christians. This was done by a decree of Pope Pius VII, in order to give thanks to the Mother of God for his liberation from captivity, establishing the Feast of Mary the Help of Christians on 24 May the date of his return to Rome.

The idea of celebrating the first Centenary of the birth of Don Bosco in a solemn manner emerged well before the actual date. Fr Paul Albera wanted to give the celebration a twofold character: that it might serve to extend devotion to Mary Help of Christians and also knowledge of Don Bosco and his work with the intention also of speeding up the Cause of Beatification.

By 1914 the planning of the celebrations for the first centenary of the birth of Don Bosco was already well advanced. The press had made known to the public at large the main events that were to take place on this occasion and the authorities who would be taking part. A selection of plans for the construction of the monument and of the new church had been made. The Holy See had approved a change in the date of the General Chapter and the resignation of the members of the Superior Chapter from their respective responsibilities by a year. Cardinal Gaspari, as the Cardinal Protector of the Salesian Congregation, had written a letter in the name of the Pope.

However, subsequent events proved very adverse. In 1914 and 1915 a series of tragic events took place: a very strong earthquake which struck a part of Sicily causing serious material damage although fortunately without any loss of life among the SDB and FMA; a fire that completely destroyed the Chilean house in Valdivia; the death of Pius X, who was very close to the Salesians. Another earthquake at the beginning of 1915 devastated the Abruzzi region, causing the death of three Daughters of Mary Help of Christians and two Salesians were lost in the ruins.

The most tragic, sorrowful and prolonged event was the outbreak of the First World War which divided the world into two warring factions, leaving millions of dead in its wake. Italy at first neutral entered the war on 2 May 1915 just on the vigil of the proposed celebrations for the centenary of the feast of Mary Help of Christians.

The war had a serious impact on Salesian works in many countries. About 2000 young Salesians were called to arms on one side or the other from the nations at war. The war prevented or made very difficult contact and communication with the Salesian houses of the FMA and the SDB. To a large extent it also reduced the help from the Cooperators. Fr Albera continued to call for prayer, urging above all the commemoration of the 24th of each month dedicated to Mary Help of Christians. Clearly in these circumstances the glittering programmes planned for the Centenary would be either

cancelled, reduced or postponed until a more appropriate time. It was decided to postpone external festivities, limit the programmes and give them a more religious and private character, always with the hope that peace would soon arrive and the obstacles be removed. But peace was slower to arrive than had been hoped and many of the planned celebrations would never take place.

Nevertheless and in spite of the fact that the day before the feast on the 23 May, as already mentioned Italy declared war on Austria, and joined the allies, on 24 May in a crowded Basilica a Solemn Pontifical Mass was celebrated at which the Cardinal Archbishop of Turin presided.

There were also celebrations in Valsalice and Castelnovo. For the conclusion of the centenary, the Rector Major invited all the friends of Don Bosco to a two-part pilgrimage: the first on 15 August to visit the tomb of Don Bosco and the second on 16 to visit the places where it had all begun at the Becchi, where Don Bosco was born and at Castelnovo, where he was baptised. At Valsalice the crowd was so great that an altar had to be set up in the portico in front of the tomb. Thousands of people assembled, occupying the whole courtyard and the spaces nearby. Hymns, prayers and gifts were offered prior to Benediction at which Fr Albera presided from the terrace in front of the tomb of Don Bosco. Everyone present was given an attractive memento with Don Bosco's picture and some of his sayings.

On the second day, the 16 August, gathered around Don Bosco's house at the Becchi were numerous groups of young and old, ecclesiastics and lay people who had come from Turin and the neighbouring countryside. Waiting for them were Fr Albera and all the Superior Chapter. Fr Albera celebrated Mass and then there was the laying of the foundation stone of the new church that was to be built there in honour of Mary Help of Christians to mark the double Centenary. At Castelnovo a commemorative plaque was unveiled followed by a festive lunch, and then the official ceremony to mark the occasion. Fr Albera was declared an "honorary citizen."

In America it was possible to celebrate both Centenaries, that of the feast of Mary Help of Christians and that of the birth of Don Bosco. In all the American countries where Salesian work was established huge events were celebrated in honour of Don Bosco and of Mary Help of Christians. In various places the name of Don Bosco was given to roads and centres, and churches were erected to commemorate the occasion. Argentina and Brazil were the countries which particularly distinguished themselves in these circumstances.

5.2 Celebrating the Bicentenary

That then is the history of the celebration of the first Centenary. Now there are many activities, most of them quite simple, that are taking place in the whole world for the Bicentenary. As I did on 16 August at the Becchi at the beginning of the Bicentenary I want to emphasise its real meaning.

Today – as I said on that occasion – while we celebrate the Bicentenary of this historic fact, we give special thanks to God for what He has done through His intervention in history, in this piece of history here on the Becchi hill. Several times in what I have written I have said in one way or another that the Salesian charism is a gift that God through Don Bosco has given to the Church and to the World. It developed over time from the knees of Mamma Margaret through the friendship of good life-teachers, and above all in daily life spent with the boys.

The Bicentenary of the birth of Saint John Bosco is a jubilee year, a "year of

Grace" that we want to live in the Salesian Family with a profound sense of gratitude to the Lord, with humility but with joy, because the Lord Himself is the One Who has blessed this splendid apostolic movement, founded by Don Bosco under the guidance of Mary Help of Christians. It is a jubilee year for the thirty groups which now make up this great Family and for many others who taking their inspiration from Don Bosco, from his charism, from his mission and spirituality, are hoping to be recognised as members of that Family.

It is a jubilee year for the whole Salesian Movement which in one way or another relates to Don Bosco and his initiatives, activities, proposals, and moves ahead sharing a spirituality and in its efforts on behalf of the young especially those most in need.

This Bicentenary ought to be for everyone throughout the whole Salesian world a precious occasion that is offered us in order to look at the past with gratitude, the present with trust and to dream the future of the evangelising mission of our Salesian Family with vigour and the novelty of the gospel, with courage and a prophetic outlook, allowing ourselves to be guided by the Spirit who will always draw us closer to the newness of God. The Bicentenary is already becoming an opportunity for a real spiritual and pastoral renewal of our Family, an occasion to make the charism more alive and to make Don Bosco as he always has been ever more relevant for the young, on our progress towards the physical and human peripheries of society and of the young. The year of the Bicentenary and the subsequent path that we will need to follow ought to be for us a time to bring about what, in all humility, forms part of our most vital charismatic reality.

This Bicentenary ought also to be, and it is already becoming so, the occasion to recall to mind the many women and men who in this exciting enterprise have given their lives in an heroic manner for this ideal in the most difficult and extreme situations in the world, for which they are a triumph and a priceless treasure the value of which only God knows.

With this conviction, we feel more inspired not only to admire Don Bosco, not only to recognise his relevance but to feel very deeply the essential commitment to imitate the man who from the hills of the Becchi arrived in the Valdocco periphery, and the rural periphery of Morne, in order to become fully involved himself and with others in doing everything possible to seek the welfare of the young and their happiness in this life and in the next.

6. MAMMA MARGARET, MOTHER AND TEACHER OF DON BOSCO

I would not want to finish this commentary on the Strenna in this Bicentenary Year of the birth of Don Bosco, which has as its core his educative and pastoral approach without referring to her who was his mother and teacher. And this because to ignore or be silent about his mother, Mamma Margaret, is to ignore the fact that so many of the natural gifts that we recognise in Don Bosco have their origin, certainly in God, but through the human mediation of his family and in a special way of his mother. This is the reason for this simple reflection[16].

In May 1887 Don Bosco went to Rome - and it was for the last time - for the consecration of the Church of the Sacred Heart the permanent monument to his love for the Pope. He was almost at the end of a long laborious life, to the shortening of which the construction of that church had contributed. On Sunday 8 May a reception

was held in his honour with the participation of Church and Civil Authorities, Italian and foreign. At the end of the reception many of the guests spoke in a variety of languages. Someone asked out of curiosity what was the language that Don Bosco liked best. Smiling he replied: «The language I like best is that taught me by my mother, because I can express my ideas with little effort, and again I don't forget it as easily as other languages»[17].

Don Bosco always acknowledged the great values that he had acquired in his family: the peasant's wisdom, a healthy astuteness, a spirit of work, a true appreciation of what was important, readiness to work hard when something needed to be done, optimism under all trials, resilience in times of misfortune, the ability to start again after set-backs, cheerfulness always and everywhere, a spirit of solidarity, a lively faith, genuine and deep affection, a readiness to welcome and to be hospitable; all virtues that he had found at home and that had formed him. He was so marked by these experiences that when he thought about setting up an educational establishment for his boys he did not want any other name for it than "house" and he described the spirit that it ought to have as a "family spirit". In order to give it this proper tone he asked Mamma Margaret, already elderly and tired to leave the tranquillity of her home in the hillside to come down to the city and to look after the boys he had taken from the streets, those boys who would cause her no little heartache and grief. But she went to help Don Bosco and to become the Mamma to those who no longer had family or affection.

It was precisely the presence of Mamma Margaret at Valdocco during the last ten years of her life that had its influence in no small way on that "family spirit" that we all consider as being at the heart of the Salesian charism. In fact, that decade was no ordinary one but the first during which the foundations were laid for that atmosphere that was to pass into history as the atmosphere of Valdocco. It was spurred on by a very practical need that Don Bosco had invited his Mother. In fact, in God's plans this presence was to rise far above the limits of a practical necessity to become a providential collaboration in a charism just coming to birth. Mamma Margaret was very conscious of this being her "new vocation." She accepted it with humility and a clear mind. This explains the courage she showed in the most difficult circumstances. One need only think of the cholera epidemic: of the actions and the words that were almost prophetic, such as using the altar cloths to make bandages for the sick. Especially significant is the example of the famous "Good Night" something peculiarly a part of Salesian tradition. It was something to which Don Bosco attached great importance and was begun in fact by Mamma Margaret with a little sermonette given to the first young boarder.[18] Don Bosco was to continue this practice not in church in the form of a sermon, but in the playground or inside the house or under the archways in a fatherly and friendly fashion. The inner qualities of this mother were such that her son, even when he had become something of an educational expert, could always learn something from her. Summing up in some way what has been said, one can quote the judgement of Don Lemoyne: «In a sense she embodied the Oratory»[19]

As it matured, this relationship between the mother and son developed into Mamma Margaret sharing the educational mission of her son: «My dear son, you must know how sorry I am to leave this house, your brother, and everyone else I hold so dear, but if you think this would please the Lord then I am ready to follow you.» She leaves her little

house at the Becchi and follows him to be among the poor and abandoned boys of Turin. Here for ten years (the last of her life) Margaret devoted herself without reserve to Don Bosco's mission and to the beginnings of his work, exercising a twofold motherly role: spiritual motherhood for her son the priest and educational motherhood for the boys of the first Oratory making her contribution to the education of such holy sons as Dominic Savio and Michael Rua. Illiterate, but full of that wisdom that comes from on high she is the help of many poor street boys, nobodies children. Finally, the grace of God and the exercise of the virtues made Margaret Occhiena an heroic mother, a wise teacher and a sound adviser to the Salesian charism as it came to birth. Mamma Margaret is a simple woman and yet she shines out among the extraordinary number of holy mothers who live in the presence of God and in God, with a union with Him made up of almost continuous silent prayer. The "most simple thing" that Mamma Margaret continues to repeat through the example of her life is this: that holiness is within reach, it is for everyone and it is achieved in faithful obedience to the particular vocation that the Lord has entrusted to each one of us.

7. WITH MARY THE MOST LOFTY COLLABORATOR OF THE HOLY SPIRIT

I finish keeping very much in mind the words of Pope now Saint John Paul II at the conclusion of the letter already mentioned in which he invites us to have always before us Mary Most Holy as 'the most lofty collaborator of the Holy Spirit.' The Pope invited us to look to Mary and to listen to her when she says: «Do what He tells you» recalling the marriage feast of Cana (Jn 2.5).

In a beautiful final passage addressed to the SDB in those days but in a context that is most appropriate for all our Salesian Family today, the Pope says: «To her I entrust you, and with you the whole world of youth, that being attracted, animated and guided by her, they may be able to attain through the mediation of your educative work, the stature of new men for a new world: the world of Christ, Master and Lord.»[20]

The strength of that desire and of these words which the Pope of that time dedicates to us is such that I think we can add nothing more than an 'Amen' entrusting all the members of our Salesian Family to the Grace that comes from the Lord, the intercession of Mary Help of Christians and the heart of the Good Shepherd.

May the Lord bless us all.

[15] Note: The information which I have greatly summarised was kindly given to me by Fr Jesús Graciliano García, who had prepared for the Spanish Salesian Bulletin eleven short articles, one for each month, based on the history of the first Centenary.

[16] Note: I asked Fr Pier Luigi Cameroni, SDB Postulator for the Causes of Saints, for his help in this short reflection. This he gave and I thank him sincerely.

[17] MB XVIII, p. 324-325

[18] Don Bosco writes about this episode in the Memoirs of the Oratory, p. 296

[19] BM III, p. 266.

[20] JOHN PAUL II, *Juvenum patris*, n. 20

The Dean Mor of the Salesians Fr. Ángel Fernandez Artime is the author of the Strenna 2015. The text was divided in 3 parts to publishing in UCDB News. This is the last part.